

Works No .:

see data plate:



The operating manual contains important information and hazard/danger warnings. It is imperative to read the instructions set out in the manual prior to installation, making electrical connections and commissioning. Additional operating instructions relating to the components of this plant will also have to be observed.

In principle if any work has to be carried out to the plant all electrical supplies (inclusive of the control cable) should be disconnected at the mains supply switch. The plant has to be safeguarded against accidental starting.

Ident No. 01 056 818





These operating instructions contain important notes for the individual material versions of the below sizes:

Туре	Size		Material version				
S, F, E, K, D = impeller type			Cast iron				
		G	G1	G2	GH		
S, F, K	40 - 250	S, F, K	F, K	F	F, K		
F, E	80 - 250	F, E	F	F	F		
F, E, K, D	80 - 315	F, E, K, D	F, K, D	F	F, K		
F	100 - 240	F	F	F	F		
F, E, K	100 - 250	F, E, K	F, K	F	F, K		
D	100 - 251	D	D	-	-		
F, E, K, D	100 - 315	F, E, K, D	F, K, D	F	F, K		
D	100 - 316	D	D	-	-		
D	150 - 251	D	D	-	-		
F, E, K, D	150 - 315	F, E, K, D	F, K, D	F	F, K		
K, D	200 - 315	K, D	K, D	-	К		
к	200 - 316	к	-	-	К		

Тур	e Size	Material version			
F, K =		Industrial material			
Imper	ler type	н	C1	C2	
к	40 - 250	к	к	к	
F, K	80 - 315	F, K	F, K	F, K	
F	100 - 240	F	F	F	
F, K	100 - 250	F, K	F, K	F, K	
F, K	100 - 315	F, K	F, K	F, K	
F, K	150 - 315	F, K	F, K	F, K	
к	200 - 315	к	к	К	
к	200 - 316	К	К	К	

1	General	3
2	Safety	3
2.1	Identification of symbols used within the operating manual	3
2.2	Personnel skills and training	3
2.3	Dangerous practices - non-observance of safety instructions	3
2.4	Safe working methods	3
2.5	Safety instructions for operators	3
2.6	Safety instructions during maintenance, inspection and installation	4
2.7	Unauthorised modifications to the pump and fitting of spare parts	4
2.8	Impermissible modes of operation	4
3	Transport and interim storage	4
3.1	Transport	4
3.2	Storage and Cconservation	4
4	Description of pump	5
4.1	General description	5
4.2	Identification data	5
4.3		5
4.4	Ancillary equipment	5
5	Assembly / Installation	6
5.1	Safety regulations	6
5.2	Checking procedure prior to commencement of the installation	6
5.3		6
5.4		6
5.5	Electrical connection	8
5.6	Assembly kit installation	9
6	Start up / shut down	10
6.1	Initial start up of pump	10
6.2	Limitations of the operating range	11
6.3	Shut down / storage / preservation	12
6.4	Re-starting pump after storage	12
7	Service and maintenance	12
7.1	General instructions	12
7.2	Service / Inspection	12
7.3	Drainage / Disposal	15
7.4	Dismantling	15
7.5 7.6	Re-assembly	15 16
7.0 8	Spare parts Trouble-shooting	10 17
	-	
9	Appendix	18

Page



1 General

This KSB pump has been developed in accordance with the latest technology, it was manufactured with great care and is subject to constant quality control.

The operating manual is designed to introduce the pump to you to make operation easier and to make full use of all its applications. The operating manual contains important information to ensure safe, correct and economic operation. It is imperative to observe the contents of the operating manual to ensure reliability and long operating life of the pump and to avoid dangerous practices.

The operating manual does not take into account any local regulations which have to be complied with by the operator or by any hired installation staff.

This pump must never be operated outside the limits laid down in the technical documentation with regard to pumped media, rate of flow, speed, density, pressure and temperature, including motor rating or contrary to any other instructions stipulated in the operating manual or contract documentation.

The data plate states series/size, the most important operating data and the Works No. / Serial No., which must always be stated when making enquiries, subsequent orders and especially when ordering spare / replacement parts.

Should any additional information or instructions be required, or if there is any damage to the equipment, then please contact your nearest KSB service.

2 Safety

This operating manual contains basic instructions, which must be observed during installation, operation and servicing. Therefore it is imperative that this manual is read prior to assembly by the fitter and relevant skilled staff / and operators, and it must always be kept within the locality of the machine/plant.

Do not only observe the general safety notes under this section, but as well any other notes regarding safety included in the manual.

2.1 Identification of symbols used within the operating manual

The symbols contained within this manual calling attention to situations where non-observance could endanger lives, are especially identified such as:



Calling attention to electric current with

Safety instructions relating to situations where non-observance could damage the machine and its functions are identified with the word with



Any instructions which are actually printed on the machine such as:

- arrow indicating the direction of rotation,
- identification for fluid connections.

must be observed without fail and be kept clean and legible.

2.2 Personnel skills and training

Operators, as well as service, inspection and assembly personnel must have the appropriate skills to carry out such work. Area of responsibility, allocation and supervision of the personnel must be controlled by the operator. Should the personnel not have the required knowledge, training must be arranged. If required, the operator can arrange such training to be carried out by KSB. The operator must also ensure that the instruction manual is fully understood by the personnel.

2.3 Dangerous practices non-observance of safety instructions

Non-compliance with the safety instructions can endanger people's lives, the environment and the pumps.

In detail, non-compliance could, for example, cause the following:

- Failure of pump / plant to operate.
- Failure of servicing and maintenance methods.
- Endangering people by contact with electrical, mechanical and chemical matters.
- Contamination of the environment by leakage of dangerous substances.

2.4 Safe working methods

The operator must observe all safety instructions outlined in this leaflet, the existing national safety precautions to prevent accidents, and also any inter-company working, operating and safety regulations.

2.5 Safety instructions for operators

- If hot or cold machine parts are considered a danger, then these parts must be protected where contact is possible.
- Safety equipment to prevent contact with hot or cold movable parts must not be removed while the machine is in operation.
- Leakages (for example at shaft seals) of dangerous media (e.g. explosive, poisonous, hot liquids) must be disposed of in such a manner as to avoid any danger to personnel and environment.
- Danger caused by electric supply must be eliminated (in this respect, see details of any regulations enforced by individual countries of the VDE and / or local power supply stations).



2.6 Safety instructions during maintenance, inspection and installation

The operator bears the responsibility to ensure that all service, inspection and maintenance work is carried out by authorized and fully trained personnel, who have read and are familiar with the operating instructions.

Basically, all work to the plant should only be carried out when the machine is not operating. The operating instructions relating to the method of switching off the equipment must be adhered to without fail.

Pumps pumping dangerous media must be decontaminated.

Once maintenance work is completed, all safety equipment must be reinstated again and checked to ensure they function correctly. Read and follow the point listed in the paragraph 6.1 prior to installation.

2.7 Unauthorized modifications to the pump and fitting of spare parts

Modifications to the pump can only be carried out after authorization has been obtained from the manufacturer. Original spare parts and ancillary equipment supplied by the manufacturer provide safety. Installation of any other equipment cancels the guarantee for any pump failure which occurs as a result of installing non-manufacturer's parts.

2.8 Impermissible modes of operation

Operating safety of the equipment is only guaranteed if all operating instructions as outlined in paragraph 1 – General – are observed. The limits given in the data sheet must under no circumstances be exceeded.

3 Transport and interim storage

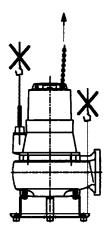
The chain or lifting wire which is supplied must only be used for lifting the appropriate pump unit. General use for lifting heavy loads is not permitted.

Do not lift the pump by the motor cable.

The pump must be handled carefully during transport. The chain or lifting wire must be attached securely at the pump and crane end. Personnel can be injured and the pump unit damaged should the pump slip out of the chain / guide rope.

3.1 Transport

The motor housing / cover of the pump has been prepared for attaching the chain supplied with the unit. For lifting the unit during unpacking only this prepared fixing should be used for attaching the lifting chain.



3.2 Storage and Conservation

The procedure has been outlined in paragraph 6.3 "shut down ".

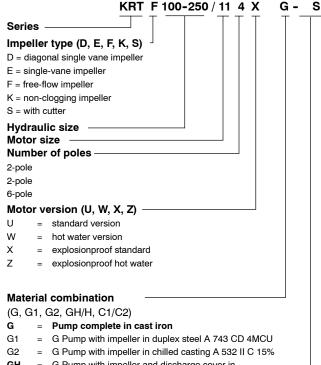
4 Description of pump

4.1 General description

KSB submersible pumps are close-coupled units which are non-self-priming. The impellers in these pumps can vary, depending on the impeller type required by the customers to suit a particular application. Usually, the pumps are operated fully submerged. For short periods, they may run dry until the minimum filling level is reached.

4.2 Identification data

Identification can be found on the nameplate, which is fitted to the motor.



 GH
 =
 G Pump with impeller and discharge cover in chilled casting a %§" ii c !%5

 H
 Pump manufactured in chilled casting A 532 II C 15%

 C1/C2
 Pump manufactured in duplex steel A 743 CD 4 MCU

Installation type

- S = stationary wet-well installation without cooling jacket
- P = transportable wet-well installation without cooling jacket

4.3 Construction

4.3.1 Driver

KSB submersible pump sets are supplied with three-phase asynchronous motors complete with connecting cable. Starting method standard: direct.

4.3.1.1 Motors in explosionproof design

In accordance with NEC 500: Class I, Division I, Group C & D.

4.3.2 Shaft seal

The shaft seal consists of a mechanical seal which is independent of the direction of rotation at pump and motor end. The oil chamber which is fitted between the two mechanical seals ensures cooling and lubrication.

4.3.3 Bearing assembly

All sizes are fitted with grease-lubricated, maintenance-free rolling element bearings.

4.3.4 Impeller types



Cutter (S) for faeces, domestic sewage and sewage containing long fibrous admixtures.



Free-flow impeller (F-impeller) for pumping liquids containing larger solid particles and fibers liable to twist and bunch and also gas and air inclusions.



Single-vane impeller (E-impeller) for pumping liquids containing larger solid particles and fibers liable to twist and bunch, and also for the damage-free transport of solids.



Open, diagonal single vane impeller (D-impeller) for sewage with solid and long fibrous admixtures and with coarser solids.



Closed non-clogging impeller (K-impeller) for contaminated, non-gaseous liquids containing solids, without fibers liable to twist and bunch.

4.3.5 Installation types

Installation type P: transportable installation (without cooling jacket),

Installation type S: stationary wet-well installation

(without cooling jacket).

The installation type supplied can be identified from the type designation (see 4.2).

For detailed installation description, see item 5.6.

4.3.6 Dimensions

For unit dimensions, mating dimensions and weights please refer to the **Appendix "Dimension table"**.

4.4 Ancillary equipment

Recommended equipment is described in **appendix** "**Electrical connection diagrams**".

Any information relating to other ancillary equipment will be given by our Sales Office.

5 Assembly / Installation

5.1 Safety regulations

It is not permitted for any person to enter the tank during operation of the pump unless special safety precautions have been taken in accordance with current safety regulations.

5.2 Checking procedure prior to commencement of the installation

Construction lay-out must be in accordance with measurements set out on the table of dimensions.

The construction of the concrete foundations should be sufficiently strong (min. 3000 psi / min. B 25 DIN 1045) to ensure a secure and functionally correct installation in compliance with DIN 1045 or equivalent standard. Concrete foundations must have set before installation of the unit. Its surface must be level and even.

5.3 Installation

Examine the unit carefully prior to commencement of installation regarding any damage incurred to the unit and cabling during transport. Before installation of the pump all items listed in paragraph 6.1 have to be checked in sequence. A separate data plate stating pump and motor data is supplied within the scope of supply. This nameplate must be fixed in a clearly visible position outside the tank (for example switch panel, pipework, mounting bracket).

5.3.1 Checking of operating data

A check must be carried out to ensure that the details stated on the nameplate correspond to the order and pump data (for example operating voltage, frequency and pumped media temperature etc.).

5.3.2 Oil level control

The oil chambers of our submersible pumps were filled with environmentally safe non-toxic paraffin oil at the factory.

The oil level must be checked prior to initial operation of the unit.

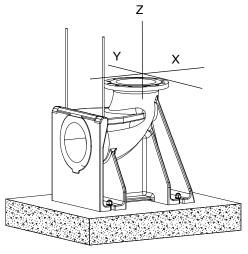
Procedure see item 6.1.1.

5.3.3 Checking of the direction of rotation

Before starting with the installation, make sure that the direction of rotation is the correct one, acc. to para 5.5.5.

5.4 Connection of the pipeline

(Appendix "General arrangement of installation sets" Fig 1). The discharge pipe shall be connected taking into account the permissible flange loads as given in the **table** "**Permissible** flange loads".



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Table "Permissible flange loads"

Forces [N]				Momen	ts [Nm]			
DN	Fy	Fz	Fx	∑F	My	Mz	M _x	∑M
50	1350	1650	1500	2600	1000	1150	1400	2050
80	2050	2500	2250	3950	1150	1300	1600	2350
100	2700	3350	3000	5250	1250	1450	1750	2600
150	4050	5000	4500	7850	1750	2050	2500	3650
200	5400	6700	6000	10450	2300	2650	3250	4800

Forces [lb]				Momen	ts [lb-ft]			
DN	Fy	Fz	Fx	∑F	My	Mz	M _x	∑M
50	305	370	340	585	735	845	1030	1510
80	460	560	505	890	845	955	1180	1730
100	605	750	675	1180	920	1070	1290	1915
150	910	1125	1010	1760	1290	1510	1840	2690
200	1210	1505	1345	2345	1695	1950	2400	3540



Under no circumstances must the pump be used as an anchoring point for the pipeline.

Any expansion of the pipes caused by high temperatures must be adjusted by taking appropriate corrective measures, to ensure that the pump does not come under undue stress due to pipeline forces and torques.





Toxic and hot media can endanger life.

When emptying objects on a lower level, a non-return valve must be fitted into the discharge pipe to avoid backflow from the channel, which could be led via the backflow level (road level) upwards and only then into the sewage channel.

Caution Screwed pipeline joints where plastic parts were used, must not be damaged by careless handling of tools during the installation of pump and pipeline.

Fitting of a non-return valve is also essential for longer rising pipes to avoid excessive backflow when the pump is turned off. Ensure that ventilation is taken into account when fitting a non-return valve.



5.5 Electrical connection

General

The electrical connection must be carried out by a trained electrician and in compliance with local regulations.

The voltage must comply with the voltage indicated on the nameplate.

Electrical installation must be in accordance with the Appendix "**Electrical connection diagrams**" for the appropriate motor sizes. The pump is delivered with cable.

Caution Do not remove the protective cover, which is situated at the cable end until immediately before installation.

The individual cores of the cable ends bear marking tapes (e.g. U(T1). V(T2), W(T3), U2(T4), V2(T5), W2(T6) 21, 22, or 10, 11, ...).

If cables have to be shortened, take care of the core index or color imprints. In such a case, remove the yellow tags and reaffix it afterwards.

Caution When laying a conduit between the pump station and the electrical switchgear, additional control cable (min. AWG 15 / 1.5 mm²) must be installed for pump monitoring equipment. Adjust cores to suit requirement.

5.5.1 Monitoring equipment

The unit has been supplied internal sensors to prevent damage. Installation, description and functioning of the sensors to prevent damage can be taken from **appendix** "**Electrical connection diagrams**".

5.5.2 Fitting of electric cabling

Caution After installing the unit, it is advised to position and support the motor cable so not to have it sucked into the pump during operation.

For correct installation of the electric cabling within the pump sump (**appendix** "General pump outline" Fig. 4) we recommend using kellum grips, which can be supplied for additional cost (paragraph 4.4). Slack installation of cables could cause damage to the electric cabling when the pump is operating.

Fitting of cable protection sheath:

If a protection sheath is included in the scope of supply for the electric cabling, it has to be fitted according to the instructions given in the supplementary operating manual "Assembly of protection sheath".

5.5.3 Overcurrent relayg

The motor must be protected against overloading by a thermally retarded overcurrent relay to comply with NEC and regulations which are in accordance with local requirements. This must be adjusted to the nominal motor current indicated on the nameplate.

5.5.4 Level control switch

Pumping stations with automatic pump operation should be fitted with a level control switch. The cut-off point should be set as '**R**' in accordance with **appendix** "**Dimension tables**".

5.5.5 Checking of the direction of rotation

Once the electrical connections are complete, the following should be checked.

Caution The pump cannot reach its duty point if the direction of rotation is incorrect. Non-observance can lead to damaging the pump.

Never put hands or any objects into the pump when the pump can be accidentally started. Prior to carrying out rotation check, make sure no foreign objects are in the pump casing.

Caution The running time should be as short as possible approx. 1 minute.

Correct direction of rotation:

If the right phase sequence of the circuit is known, the correct direction of rotation will occur automatically, providing the instructions in 5.5 have been carried out correctly (rotating of the motor to the left).

The direction of rotation is checked by bumping the pump and observations of the impeller.

When looking at the pump mouth, the impeller must move to the left (with some pumps, the direction of rotation is marked by an arrow).

(See appendix "General pump outline" Fig. 5).

If the direction of rotation is incorrect, interchange 2 of the 3 phases in the switch cabinet.

5.5.6 Connection of a potential equalizer

For potential equalization use the external connection terminal at the cable entry.

(Appendix "General pump outline" Fig. 3).

Special requirements for chemically corrosive media:

Do not use the outside terminal if the unit is used for chemically corrosive media.

Instead, the potential equalizer should be fitted to a flange at the discharge pipe, which does not come into contact with the media. Please ensure that there is an electrical connection between the newly created potential equalizer and the pump.

(Appendix "General pump outline" Fig. 4).



The following assembly kits are available for assembly / installation of the KRT pump unit.

- 5.6.1 Stationary wet-well installation,
- 5.6.2 Transportable installation.

5.6.1 Stationary installation with guide cable

5.6.1.1 Description

(Appendix "General outline installation set" Fig. 1).

Stationary installation provides the facility to insert and lift out the pump unit at any time regardless of liquid level within the sump by means of a double guide cable.

Guided securely by two parallel, previously tightened stainless steel cables the pump slides into the well or tank and attaches itself to the discharge elbow which has been fitted to the bottom. The weight of the pump acts to seal the connection between pump and discharge elbow. A profile gasket between the pump and discharge elbow achieves a zero leakage, pressure-proof elastic connection.

5.6.1.2 Scope of supply for stationary wet-well installation

Please refer to the **Appendix** "Wet-well installation with guide cables.

5.6.1.3 Installation of pump with claw connection Use appendix "Wet-well installation" for guidance.

- Prior to lowering the pump fit claw part # 732 to the discharge flange of the pump housing. Screws have to be tightened in accordance with the instructions. This is described under item 7.5.1 in the table "Bolt tightening torque".
- 2. Fit profile seal part # 410.35 or part # 99-6 into the groove of the claw / pump casing flange.

5.6.1.4 Fitting of the mounting bracket / discharge elbow / guide cable

Construction of the base foundations should be sufficiently strong (min. 3000 psi) to ensure a functionally correct fixing of guide cable equipment and discharge elbow.

Refer to the drawing as illustrated in **appendix** "Wet-well installation" for all installation tasks outlined below.

1. Secure mounting bracket part # 894 using anchor bolt part # 90–3.37 (supplied by others) at the sump opening rim. Borehole diameter and depth for the anchor bolt to be taken from **appendix "Dimension tables"**.

All means of fixation are part of the scope of supply.

For the bolt of the mounting bracket refer to **appendix** "**Dimension tables**.

- Fit threaded bolt part # 904 with clamping piece part # 571 / support piece part # 572 to the mounting bracket part # 894. Do not unscrew hexagonal nut part # 920.36 too much, just enough to allow sufficient play for tightening the cable subsequently.
- 3. The discharge elbow should be positioned and secured to the base of the sump so that the tightened cable will run vertically later on.

Should construction / pipework etc. require the cable to run off the vertical, then a maximum angle of 5° should be adhered to, thus ensuring safe fitting function. Securing of the discharge elbow is carried out by using steel anchor bolts part # 90-3.38 or foundation bolts part # 900.38 regardless of pump size or material combination. Refer to **appendix** "**Dimension tables**" and **appendix** "**Wet-well installation**" for details relating to appropriate fitting instructions and hole dimensions.

- 4. Insertion of cable part #59-24.01 and fitting. Install u-clamps part # 571 with nuts part # 920.37 onto support piece, and secure one end of the cable. Lead the cable around the discharge elbow part # 72-1 and back again towards the guide bracket and insert into u-clamps and tighten u-clamp nuts. Manually tension the cable and secure by using hexagonal nuts part # 920.37.
- 5. Tighten the cable by fastening the hexagonal nut part # 920.36 situated on top of the mounting bracket(s). Tighten the hexagonal nut with a torque of M_A as outlined in the table "Guide cable tension" to achieve sufficient cable tension. Lock in place using second hexagonal nut. Lock in place using second hexagonal nut. Be sure to properly lubricate threaded bold and first hexagonal nut before tightening to assure proper cable tension.
- The loose end of the cable at the clamp part # 572 can either be twisted into a ring or the end can be cut off. After length adjustment, seal off ends to avoid fraying.
- 7. Place hook part # 59–18 into the mounting bracket part # 894 to enable the lifting chain part # 885 or rope part # 59–24.02 to be attached at a later stage.

Table Bolt tightening torque: Steel anchor bolt

Size (Ø) [in/mm]	Torque [lbf-ft/Nm]
0.39 / 10	7.5 / 10
0.71 / 18	60 / 80

Table Bolt tightening torque "Foundation bolt"

Siz	e (Ø)	[in/mm]	Tor	que [lb	of-ft/Nm]	
0.47	/	12	20	/	25	
0.63	/	16	50	/	65	
0.79	/	20	95	/	125	

Table "Guide cable - tension"

Size	M _A [lbf-ft/Nm]	P [lb/N]
DN 40 DN 200	10 / 14	1350 / 6000

M_A = tightening torque

P = wire tension



5.6.1.5

Installation of this equipment should be carried out in accordance with the "General pump outline", Fig. 1a by inserting the chain / lifting rope into the opposite the outlet branch. Further details can be found in "Wet-well installation".

This type of assembly permits the fitting of the pump to the discharge elbow.

5.6.1.6 Installation of the pump

(Appendix "General outline installation set" Fig. 1).

The pump is lowered into the sump by guiding it from above over the support piece part # 572. It is then attached to the guide cable or rails and slowly lowered into the sump. Once the pump is lowered, it will attach itself to the discharge elbow part # 72-1 and is then securely fixed to the outlet pipe ready for use. Finally, attach the chain or rope to the hook part # 59-18 on the mounting bracket.

5.6.1.7 Connection of the pipeline

(Appendix "General outline installation set", Fig. 1). For procedure, see para. 5.4.

5.6.2 Transportable installation

5.6.2.1 Description

Pumps for transportable installation are supplied with a pump stand. The outlet flange can be used for fitting either rigid or flexible piping.

Examples for typical installation possibilities can be taken from appendix "General outline-installation set " Fig. 2.

Ancillary equipment can be requested and purchased from our sales offices.

5.6.2.2 Components / extent of supply for transportable installation

Please refer to drawing in **appendix** "Wet-well installation-transportable" for assembly.

5.6.2.3 Assembly kit installation

Please refer to drawing in **appendix** "Wet-well installation - transportable" for assembly.

The base plate or the pump stand must be fitted prior to installing the pump. All screws must be tightened according to instructions. Refer to **table** "**Bolt tightening torque**" paragraph **7.5.1** for instructions.

5.6.2.4 Assembly chain or lifting rope transportable installation

Fitting of chain / lifting rope should be installed out as outlined in **appendix** "Wet-well installation-transportable.

Always use the lifting point which is closes to the pump discharge on top of the motor, see **appendix** "**General pump outline**" **Fig. 1b**.

5.6.2.5 Installation of pump

Transportable installation permits to operate the pumps in different locations.

For example, they can be used for:

- draining mines,
- the emergency draining of canals,
- pumping water out of rivers etc.

For such applications the pump must be installed in a vertical position with the motor on the top and fitted to a firm base.

6 Start up / shut down

Caution It is important to follow these requirements. Any damage incurred as a result of non-compliance is not covered by the guarantee.

Caution Do not pump any media which is unsuitable for the material outlined in the technical documentation.

6.1 Initial start up of pump

Prior to starting the pump it has to be ascertained that the following points have been checked and executed:

- Operating data (see 5.3.1), oil level (see 6.1.1) and direction of rotation (see 5.5.5).
- Check that the installation of the electrical supply was carried out correctly in accordance with appendix "Electrical connection diagrams".

Caution Temperature monitoring in the winding protects the motor in case of insufficient cooling conditions. Reliable operation and explosion protection can only be guaranteed if the circuits for temperature monitoring function properly.

- Ensure that the pump has been installed correctly to comply with installation kit paragraph 5.6.
- Should the pump have been out of service for a long period, then the steps outlined in paragraph 6.4 must be carried out.

6.1.1 Oil level check

Procedure according to appendix "General pump outline".

Fig. 2. Remove fill plug part # 903 with joint ring part # 411.03. The minimum oil level must not fall short of measure "M". If it is lower, fill the oil chamber via feed opening until overflow. Regarding oil quality and quantity, see point 7.2.4 (Oil change). Tighten the fill plug with joint ring again.



The pump must be started up against a closed discharge side check valve and open shut-off valve. If the discharge pipe is not fitted with a check valve, the pump must be started up with the shut-off valve slightly open and slowly opening further.

Caution

Pump start-up against a closed shut-off element will result in increased wear.

Suitable valves must be installed to ensure that any high points in the discharge piping are properly vented.

When the pump is started up via frequency inverter, short start ramps must be ensured (approx. 3-5 s) for the motor to reach the rotational speed corresponding to the mains frequency. Speed controlled operation shall only start after approx. 2-5 minutes.

Caution Pump start-up with long start ramps and low frequency may cause clogging.

6.2 Limitation of the operating range

6.2.1 Minimum liquid level

The pump is ready for operation when the liquid level has reached measuring mark "**R**".

This minimum liquid level also applies to pumping stations with automatic pump operation.

(Appendix "General pump outline" Fig. 6).

Built-in temperature controls within the winding will protect the motor from overheating. If the motor overheats (for example during long operation with a completely exposed motor), the built-in temperature controls will switch off the motor and turn it on again automatically after cooling down.

The control system must provide a protection against dry running by stopping the pump automatically at water levels "R" and below (cut-off contact, see 5.5.4).

Caution Dry running leads to increased wear (and tear) and should be avoided.

6.2.2 Temperature of pumped media and surroundings

The maximum temperature is indicated on the nameplate.

KRT version U ¹) X	104 °F / 40 °C
KRT version W ¹) Z	140 °F / 60 °C.

 Can be operated up to 176 °F / 80 °C for a limited period (3-5 min. until the thermal protection equipment is activated).

Caution Do not operate the equipment at temperatures higher than those indicated above, unless KSB has given written consent. Damage caused due to non-observance of this warning will not be covered by the guarantee.

6.2.3 Density of pumped media

Power input of the pump increases directly with the density of the pumped medium. To avoid overloading of the motor this density must comply with the data stated in the order.

6.2.4 Abrasive media

When pumping media containing abrasive particles, increased wear of hydraulic and mechanical seals must be expected. The maintenance intervals must be halved compared to those usually recommended (as outlined in paragraph 7.2). In addition, it is recommended to limit the flow velocity the pipe to > 4.9 ft/s <16 ft/s/ > 1.5 m/sec < 5 m/sec in order to achieve the maximum operating periods possible.

6.2.5 Starting frequency

In order to avoid overloading of winding, seals and bearings, the following number of switching operations must not be exceeded: Motor ratings up to 10 Hp / 7.5 kW max. 30/hr. Motor ratings up to 125 Hp / 90 kW max. 20/hr. 5.000 switching operations per year as maximum.

6.2.6 Operating voltage

The maximum admissible deviation of the operating voltage amounts to $\pm 10\%$ of the rated voltage. The maximum admissible voltage difference between the single phases amounts to $\pm/-1\%$.

6.2.7 Frequency converter operation

The output frequency is limited at 60 Hz.

For the possible speed range the following criteria have to be observed:

- Q_{min} and Q_{max} according to characteristic curve,
- minimum speed capable to carry solids,
- minimum flow velocity to fully open a non-return valve,
- inatural frequency ranges of pipe system.



6.3 Shut down / storage / preservation

If operation is not required until some time after delivery, we recommend the following steps for storage of the pump:

6.3.1 Storage of new pumps

- Spray the inside of the pump housing with oil, paying special attention to the area around the impeller wear ring. Spray oil through inlet and outlet flanges. It is then recommended to cover the flanges with plastic caps or similar.
- Store the pump in an upright position in a dry place. Support all electrical cables at cable entry points to avoid permanent distortion.
- Electric connecting cables are capped securely for protection purposes prior to delivery. This protection must not be removed.

6.3.2 Measures for prolonged shut down periods

1. The pump remains installed ready for operation whenrequired.

In order to maintain pump availability, the pump should be switched on for brief periods (approx. 10 sec) once every month.

2. The pump is dismantled and stored

Prior to storage the pump should be checked and maintained in accordance with paragraph 7.1 and 7.2. Subsequently, the preservation outlined in paragraph 6.3.1 must be carried out.

6.4 Re-starting pump after storage

Prior to re-starting the pump, all checks and maintenance steps outlined in **paragraphs 7.1** and **7.2** have to be carried out.

Always disconnect all electricity supplies prior to working at the pump. Safeguard the pump from being started accidentally. Otherwise, there will be danger to life.

In addition, free-running of the impeller should be checked. This can be done by putting one hand into the pump casing and manually turning the impeller.

When restarting the pump the items outlined in **paragraph** 6.1 and **6.2** have to be observed.

Immediately after completion of the maintenance work, all safety and protection equipment has to be installed expertly and must be set working.

7 Service and maintenance

7.1 General instructions

The operator must ensure that all maintenance, inspection and repair work is carried out by qualified, authorized staff who are familiar with the equipment and who have read the operating instructions.

By compiling a maintenance plan it is possible to cut maintenance expenses and avoid extensive down-time, thus achieving trouble-free and reliable operating of the pump.

Always disconnect all electricity supplies prior to working on the pump. Safeguard the pump from being started accidentally. Otherwise, there will be danger to life.

If the pumped media are harmful, the pump must be decontaminated. Special care should be taken to prevent an endangering of personnel and environment when draining leakage liquid / oil. All official regulations must be adhered to.

Special regulations apply to repair work on explosions-proof pumps. Modifications or alteration of the pump may affect explosion protection and are only permitted after consultation with the manufacturer. Only original spare parts and accessories authorized by the manufacturer must be used for explosion-proof pumps.

7.2 Service / Inspection

The following points must be observed to ensure reliable operation:

This work must only be carried out by experienced personnel!

	Maintenance work	Maintenance Interval
7.2.1	Insulation resistance test	Every 4.000
7.2.2	Checking the electric cables	opeating hours;
7.2.3	Visual inspection of lifting chain / rope	at least once a year
7.2.4	Check of monitoring equipment	Every 10.000 opeating hours;
7.2.5	Oil change	at least every three years
	General overhaul	Every five years

The pump / motor shaft is supplied with grease-lubricated for life ball bearings. They need no maintenance tasks.

7.2.1 Checking of the insulation resistance check

The insulation resistance of the motor winding has to be checked every 4,000 hours but at least once a year during general maintenance.

Measurements should be taken at the motor cable ends (disconnected at the starting panel). The measurement should be taken by using a megger.

Measuring voltage: max 1.000 V d.c. voltage.

The measurements to be taken are:

- a. Winding against ground
 - All winding leads connected together, and measured to ground lead (green-yellow),
- b. Winding temperature sensor against ground
 - All winding ends be connected to ground (green-yellow core).

All cable ends of the winding temperature sensors (21/22 or 10/11) must be connected to one another. Otherwise the sensors will be damaged; measure to ground lead (green-yellow).

The insulation resistance of the motor winding with cable ends tied together must not be less than 1 M Ω . If measurements are less, then cable and motor must be checked separately. During the measurement procedure the supply cable must be disconnected from the motor.

If the insulation resistance for the electric supply cable is less than 1 $M\Omega,\,$ this indicates damage a damaged cable and needs replacement.

Low reading of the insulation resistance values of the motor indicates that there is a fault in the winding. If this is the case, contact KSB.

7.2.2 Checking of the electric cable

Visual inspection of the electric cable.

Whenever the pump is inspected, the electrical supply cables should also be checked with regard to damage such as cracks or bubbles, due to either mechanical or chemical causes. If such damage is detected, then all electric cables must be replaced.

- Checking the protective grounding conductors. Measurement of the resistance between green-yellow cores and exposed metal surface on pump. Resistance should be < 1Ω.
 - Never switch on a pump with a defective ground conductor!

If the given values are exceeded, disconnect the electric cable at the motor and check again directly at the motor. If values are exceeded here also, the motor must be repaired; contact KSB.

7.2.3 Visual inspection of lifting chain / lifting rope

Maintenance checks to the pump should also include the lifting chain / lifting rope inclusive of fitting to the pump with regard to possible damage-caused either mechanically or chemically. Damaged parts must be replaced by manufacturer's original spare parts.

This also refers to the correct fixing of the lifting chain / liftig rope to the pump.

7.2.4 Checking of monitoring equipment

The sensors shall be checked every 10,000 operating hours or at least every three years during general maintenance work.

The tests described below measure the resistance at the conductor ends of the control cable. The actual function of the sensors is not tested.

Caution Never use voltages higher than 30V to check the sensors!

a. Bimetal switch

Measure the resistance between terminals 21 and 22. The resistance must be lower than 1Ω .

b. Thermistors (PTC)

Measure the resistance between terminals 10 and 11. The resistance measured must be between 200 Ω . and 1000 Ω .

If the tolerances given are exceeded disconnect the control cable at the pump and check again directly at the terminals inside the motor. If tolerances are still exceeded, the winding will have to be replaced.

c. Leakage sensors in the motor

Measure the resistance between terminal 9 and the earth conductor (PE).

The resistance measured must be higher than $60k\Omega$. Lower resistance values would suggest water ingress into the motor. In this case the motor must be opened and overhauled.

7.2.5 **Oil change**

The oil chamber of our submersible pump has been filled with environmentally friendly, non-toxic paraffin oil of medical quality on the pump end.

After every 10,000 hours of use, or three years, whichever comes first, the oil must be changed.

Pumped liquid might enter the oil chamber when it is warm after operation, which can cause a pressure rise within the chamber. It is, therefore, advisable to cover the filling plug 903 (with a cloth) during the opening process to avoid hot liquid (squirting out) escaping.

Procedure:

(Appendix "General pump outline").

Erect the pump as shown in Fig. 7 and put a suitable container under the plug. Unscrew screwed plug part # 903 with joint ring part # 411.03 and drain the oil.

The oil is light in color and transparent in appearance. Slight discolouring, caused by running in of new mechanical seal or small leakage of dirt via the pumped media will have no adverse effect. Severe contamination of the oil by the pump media, however, indicates damaged mechanical seals. In this case, replace the mechanical seal.

Screw in screwed plug part # 903.05 with joint ring part # 411.05.

Refilling:

Erect the pump as demonstrated in Fig. 2 and fill the oil chamber with oil until overflow (see also paragraph 6.1.1). Replace the plug part # 903 and fit a new joint ring part # 411.03.

Oil quantity:

The quantity see table 7.2.4.1 "Lubricating instructions".

Recommended quality of oil:

Paraffinoil, free-flowing, Merkur Pharma 40, made by DEA, Duoprime 90 made by LYONDELL or equivalent, non-toxic. This quality is harmless and as such complies with the regulations applicable to food.

Alternative:

All non-alloyed and alloyed motor oils of classes SAE 10W can be used for lubrication of the mechanical seals. With regard to disposal all general Government regulations must be observed.

Regional regulations have to be observed to Caution the extent that the oil does not contaminate the pumped media (for example drinking water) and that safe disposal is guaranteed. Otherwise, it is not permitted to fill the pump with oil, but paraffin oil must be used for this purpose.

7.2.5.1 Table "Lubricating	instructions"			
Size	S, K 4	0-250	D, F, E, K	80-315
	F, E 8	0-250	D, F, E, K	100-315
[D	100-316
	F 1	00-240	D, F, E, K	150-315
	F, E, K 1	00-250	D,K 200-315	
			K 200-316	
[D 1	00-251		
	D 1	50-251		
Motor sizes				
2-pole	5	2, 6 2, 8 2, 12	2 2,17 2	23 2
4-pole		5 4, 7 4,11 4,	, 16 4	23 4, 29 4
6-pole		4 6, 6 6, 9 6,	12 6	
Oil quantity: (quarts / I)	2-1,	/ ₄ / 2,1	4- ³ / ₄ / 4,6	7- ¹ / ₂ / 7,0

For recommended quality of oil, see paragraph 7.2.5.



7.3 Drainage / Disposal

Caution If the pump has been used to pump hazardous media, care must be taken that, when draining the leakage liquid / oil filling, personnel and environment are not endangered. All government regulations have to be observed.

7.4 Dismantling

7.4.1 Basic guidelines and instructions

All repair and maintenance work to the pump must only be carried out by trained straff, and original replacement parts must be used. **The safety precautions as outlined in paragraph 7.1 and 7.4.4 have to be observed**.

Dismantling and re-assembly may only be carried out in line with the appropriate sectional drawing. The sectional drawing and other instructions are detailed in the appendix. The dismantling sequence should be carried out as outlined in the sectional drawing.

If there are any problems, please contact our service department for advice.

7.4.2 Preparing for dismantling

Prior to dismantling the oil chamber is to be emptied.

7.4.3 Dismantling the pump section

Dismantling the pump section is carried out as illustrated in the drawing (appendix "General arrangement drawing"). Special tools are not required. The only exceptions relate to the impeller dismantling / assembly process for the following sizes.

- 7.4.3.1 Special points relating to the dismantling of the impeller
- Size: KRT S 40-250 see appendix "Impeller dismantling / assembly with cutter"
- all sizes:

The impeller / shaft connection is made by using a tapered seat / tapered seat. Appendix "Impeller dismantling / assembly with taper connection".

7.4.3.2 Dismantling of mechanical seal

Exact instructions relating to fitting positions of the mechanical seals, either motor side or pump side, are outlined in **appendix** "**Mechanical seal arrangement with parts list**".

7.4.4 Dismantling the motor component

Please ensure, when dismantling the motor and the electric cable, that core identifications are clearly marked for future reference during re-assembly.

Special points for explosion proof.

All other work affecting the flameproofness, such as new windings and mechanical repairs at the motor section, require a subsequent acceptance test by an approved engineer or have to be carried out at the premises of the manufacturer or factory certified repair center.

7.5 Re-assembly

7.5.1 General instructions

Assembly of the pump must be carried out in accordance with the current mechanical engineering regulations. All parts which were dismantled must be cleaned and tested with regard to wear. Damaged or worn parts must be replaced by using **manufacturer's original spare parts**. Ensure that all sealing surfaces are clean and the O-rings or flat seals fit perfectly. We recommend the use of O-rings/seals at all times. O-rings made from continuous strips which were glued together must not be used.

Assembly of the pump takes place in reverse order of dismantling. The drawing combined with the individual parts index should be used as a guide. All screws must be tightened during assembly as outlined in the instructions. General instructions in this respect are outlined in the **Table below "bolt tightening torque" and special points are stated in the installation instructions**. Assure bolts are lubricated prior to tightening.

-	U				
Thread	Torque [lbf-ft / Nm] A 276 Type 316 Ti (A4-70) / A 276 S 31803 (1.4462)				
M 5	3	/	4		
M 6	5	/	7		
M 8	13	/	17		
M 10	26	/	35		
M 12	44	/	60		
M 16	110	/	150		
M 20	215	/	290		

Table: Bolt tightening torque

7.5.2 Special points relating to components for re-assembly

7.5.2.1 Mechanical seal

In principle, we recommend to use new manufacturer's spare parts for mechanical seals. In this respect it should be noted:

To achieve perfect performance, it is important to ensure that all parts are immaculately clean and that greatest care is taken during the fitting of the mechanical seal. Protectors of the moving surfaces must not be removed until immediately before fitting the part. The surface of the shaft must be perfectly clean and undamaged.

In principle to assist with the fitting of the bellows mechanical seal, the inside of the bellows should be wetted with soapy water (do not use oil).

Fitting of the bellows mechanical seal at the motor end.

To avoid damage to the rubber bellows by a keyway or shaft recess, the shaft stub should be covered with a thin sheet of foil (approx. 5...15 mils thick). Push the rotating unit over foil cover and place into fitting position. Then remove the foil.

7.5.2.2 Impeller assembly

See section 7.4.3.

7.5.2.2.1 KRT D-Wear plate

The clearance between impeller part # 230 and wear plate part # 135 must be set to 0.012 + 0.008 in / 0.3 + 0.2 mm. Use screws part # 914.12 and part # 914.24 for initial adjustment and re-adjustment of the clearance.



7.5.2.3 Checking seals

After assembly the mechanical seal part oil chamber should be tested for leaks.

Procedure:

(Appendix "General pump outline" Fig. 8).

The oil fill / drain hole is used to test for leaks. Securely screw the testing device into the hole.

Test media: Compressed air,

Test pressure: max. 7.25 psi / 0.5 bar,

Test duration: 2 min.

Make sure that the pressure does not decrease during the test. Afterwards, fill the oil chamber (compare para. 7.2.4).

7.5.2.4 Motor

Ensure prior to re-assembly of **explosion proof motors** that all the special points outlined in paragraph 7.4.4 were observed. All motors must be tested electrically in line with paragraph 6.1, 6.2 and 7.2.

7.6 Spare parts

Always provide the following data when ordering spare parts:

Pump type: e.g. KRTF100-250/114XG-S Works No. / Serial No (e.g. 5M07-777222/3, or 888999) Motor No. (e.g. 015234 or blank).

This data can be taken from the nameplate.



8 Trouble-shooting

		Unit not pumping					
Ì	Pump delivers insufficiently						
Ì	i [Current / power consumption too high			
Ì	İİ	ſ	Head too low				
Ì	İİ	j		Pump operation is uneven and noisy			
parts - release pressure				Cause	Remedy: Prior to carrying out work to the pressure containing parts – release pressure from the pump! Disconnect power supply to the pump.		
	0			Pump delivers against excessively high discharge pressure	Open discharge valve further until duty point is reached		
				Valve in discharge pipe not fully open	Open gate valve completely		
		0	0	Pump not running within operating limits	Check operating data of the pump		
0				Pump and / or pipeline are not completely vented or primed	Vent – by lifting the pump off the duckfoot bend and lowering it back again.		
				Pump inlet blocked by deposits	Clean inlet, pump parts and non return valve		
	0		0 0	Inlet pipe or impeller blocked – rotor running sluggishly	Remove deposits from within the pump and / or pipelines		
		0	0	Dirt / fibres in impeller chambers	Check impeller ensuring that it rotates slightly – if necessary clean hydraulic		
		00 Wear of internal pump parts			Replace worn parts		
0	0		0	Damaged column pipe (pipe and seal)	Replace defective column pipe Renew seals		
			0	Unacceptable air or gas content within the pumped media	Contact your nearest authorised KSB agent		
			0	Oscillations caused by plant	Contact your nearest authorised KSB agent		
	0	0	0 0	Wrong direction of rotation	Switch two phases of the circuit cabling		
		0		Insufficient operating voltage	Check electric supply Check cable connections		
0				Motor not running due to no voltage supply	Check electrical installation Inform electrical company		
0				Motor running on two phases only	Replace defective fuses Check electric cable connections		
0		0		Motor winding or electric cable defective	Replace by new original KSB cabling or contact your nearest authorized KSB agent		
				Radial bearing in the motor defective	Contact your nearest authorised KSB agent		
				With star delta connection – Motor only running in star position	Check star delta connection		
	0			Water level dropping excessively during operation	Check supply and capacity of system - (sump depth) check level control		
				Temperature monitor for winding control has ceased to operate due to excessively high winding temperature	The motor will switch on automatically after cooling down		
				Thermistor release unit without automatic restart facility for temperature limit (flameproof) has been released due to exceeding the permissible winding temperature	Check the pump.		
				Moisture protection relay has been released due to moisture within the motor	Check the pump.		

Caution

If working inside the pump is necessary whilst the pump is under warranty, then contact your nearest authorized KSB agent prior to commencement of work.

Non-observance will negate any warrentydaims.

9 Appendix

General pump outline	19
General arrangement drawing Motors: 5 223 2, 5 429 4, 4 612 6	21
Installation plan - mechanical seal with parts list	25
Installation plan - mechanical seal Motors: 5 223 2, 5 429 4, 4 612 6	26
General outline installation set	27
Wet-well installation with guide cable	28
Wet-well installation transportable	30
Electrical connection diagram	32
Function chart - Leakage detection	33
Assembly instructions - Impeller dismantling / fitting with tapered connection	34
Removing impellers with taper fit	36
Assembly instruction - Cutter	37
Supplement	38
Spare Parts Service of KSB	39



General pump outline

DN 40...DN 200

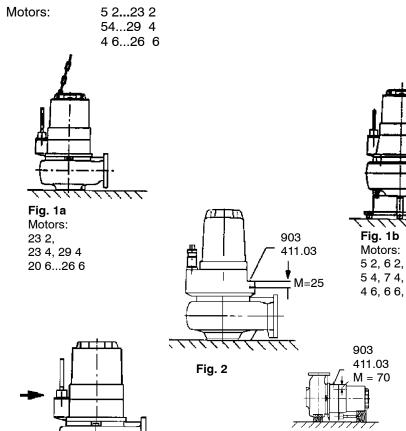
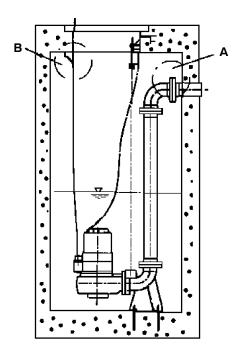


Fig. 1b Motors: 5 2, 6 2, 8 2, 12 2, 17 2 5 4, 7 4, 11 4, 16 4 4 6, 6 6, 9 6, 12 6

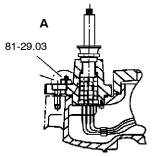
Fig. 3

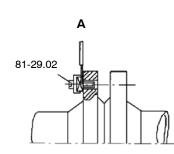


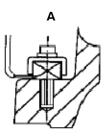
₹

v

7777

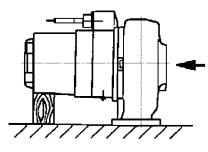




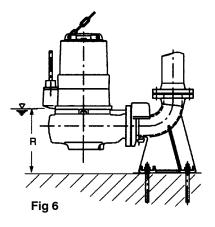


B

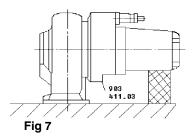








Motors: 23 2 23 4, 29 4



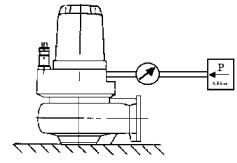
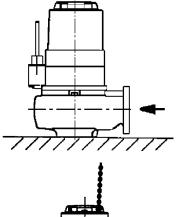
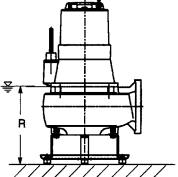
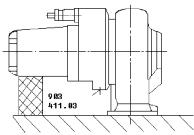


Fig 8



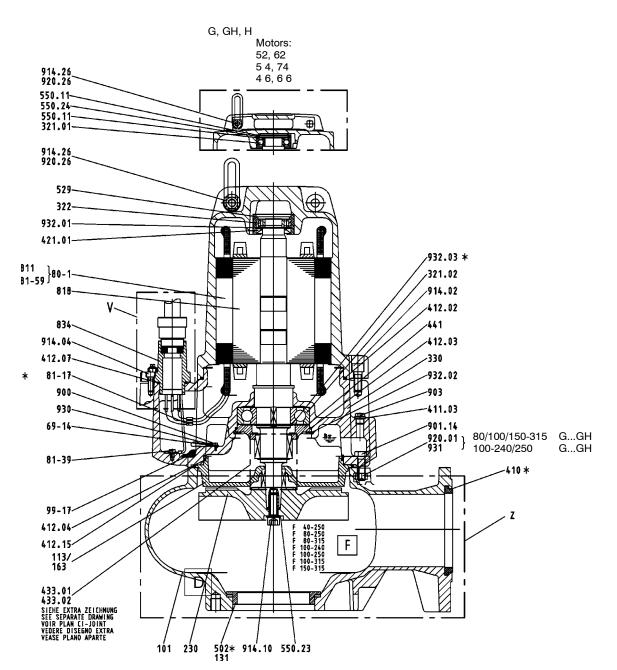


Motors: 5 2, 6 2, 8 2, 12 2 , 17 2 5 4, 7 4, 11 4, 16 4 4 6, 6 6, 9 6,12 6



General arrangement drawing

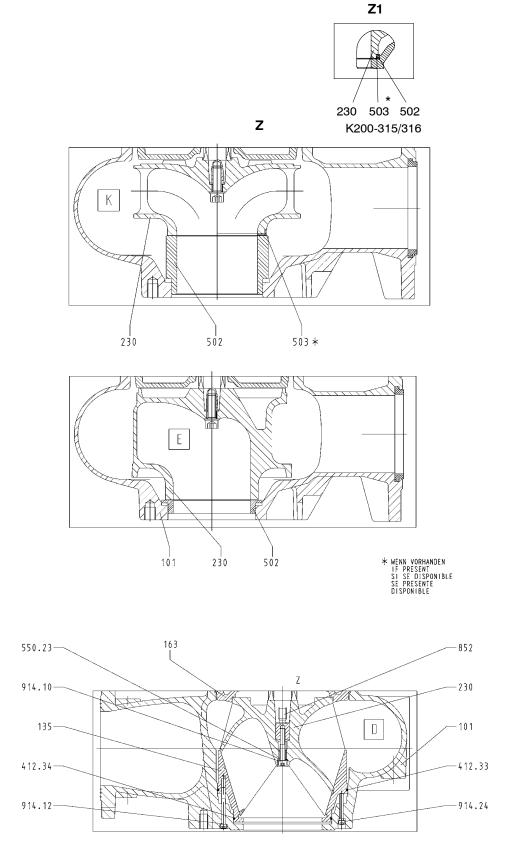
Motors: 5 2...23 2 5 4...29 4 4 6...12 6 40-250 80-250 80-315 100-240/250 100-251 100-315/316 150-251 150-315 200-315/316

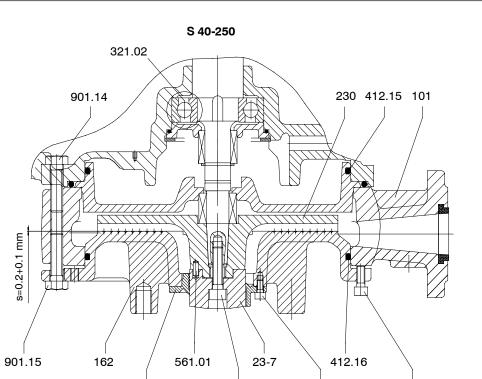


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General arrangement drawing





914.10

914.07

914.15

500.02



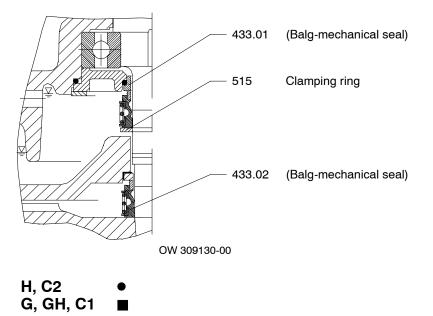
Part No.	Part description		
23-7	Impeller body		
69-14	Leakage detector		
80-1	Submersible motor		
81-17	Butt joint		
81-39	Clamp		
81-51	Shim		
81-59	Stator		
99-17	Desiccant		
101	Pump casing		
113	Intermediate casing		
131	Inlet ring		
135	Wear plate		
162	Suction cover		
163	Discharge cover		
230	Impeller		
321	Radial ball bearing		
322	Radial roller bearing		
330	Bearing bracket		
410	Profile joint		
411	Gasket		

Part No.	Part description	
412	O-Ring	
421	Radial shaft seal ring	
433	Mechanical seal	
441	Seal casing	
500	Ring	
502	Casing wear ring	
503	Impeller wear ring	
529	Bearing sleeve	
550	Washer	
561	Grooved pin	
811	Motor casing	
818	Rotor	
834	Cable duct	
900	Screw	
901	Hexagon head bolt	
903	Screwed plug	
914	Socket head cap screw	
920	Nut	
930	Safety device	
931	Lockwasher	
932	Circlip	

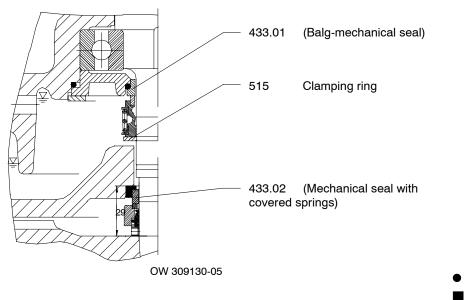
Motors: 5 2...17 2 5 4...16 4 40-250, 100-250

Part No.	Part description	
433	Mechanical seal	
515	Clamping ring	

G, GH, C1 •







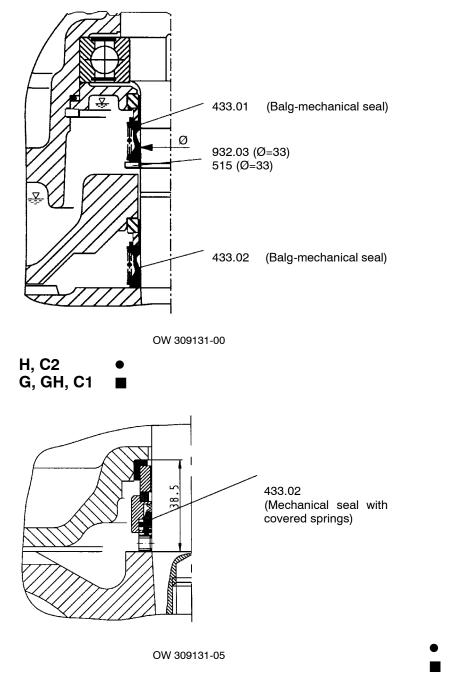
Standard
 Standard-Variants

Installation plan - mechanical seal

Motors: 5 2...23 2 5 4...29 4 4 6...12 6 80-315/100-315/150-315 200-315/200-316 D 80-315/D 100-251/D 100-315/D 100-316 D150-251/D 150-315/D 200-315

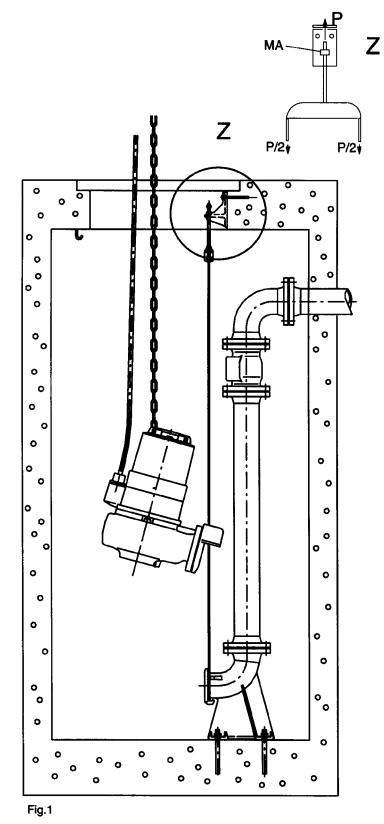
Part No.	Part description
433	Mechanical seal
515	Clamping ring
932	Circlip

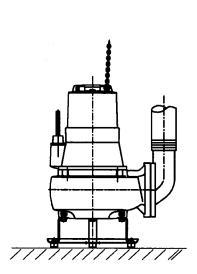
G, GH, C1 •



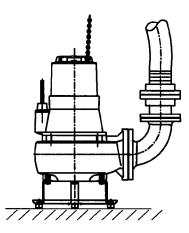
Standard Standard-Variants

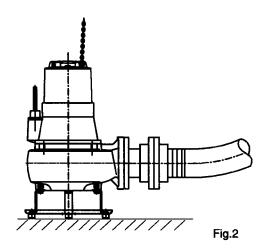
General outline installation set





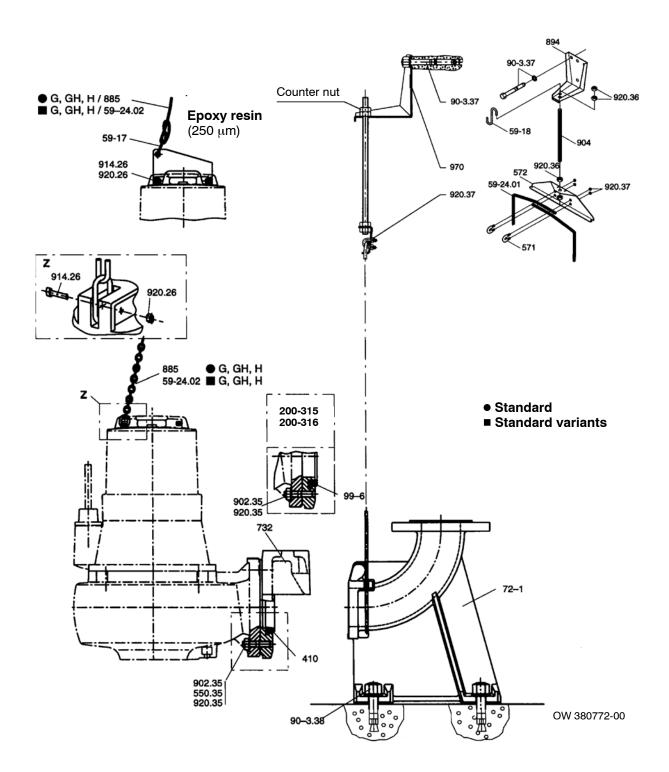
KRT





Wet-well installation with guide cable

Motors: 5 2...23 4 5 4...29 4 4 6...22 6 DN 40/80/100/150/200





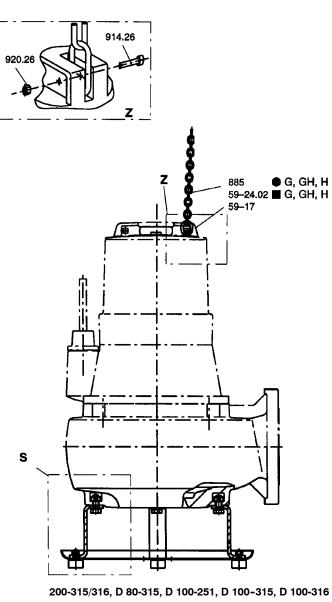
Part No.	Part description
59-17	Shackle
59-18	Hook
59-24.01/02	Rope
72-1	Flanged bend
90-3	Dowel
99-6	Round cord
410	Profile joint
550	Washer
571	Clamp
572	Clamp
732	Holder
885	Chain
894	Bracket
900	Screw
902	Stud
904	Threaded pin
914	Socket head cap screw
920	Nut
970	Plate

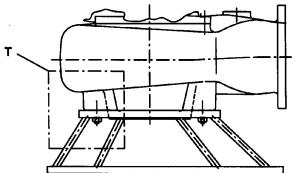
DN 40/80/100/150/200

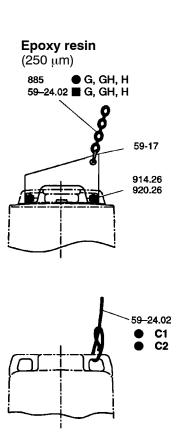
Wet-well installation transportable



5 2...23 2 5 4...29 4 4 6...12 6





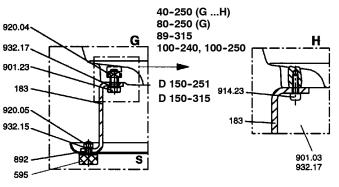


Standard

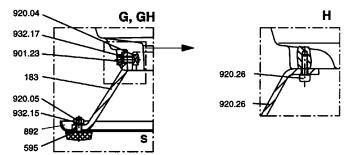
Standard variants

0W 309308-00



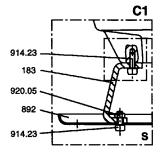


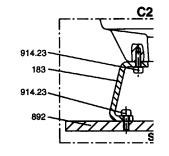
100-315, 150-315



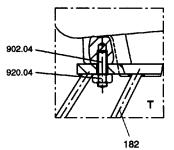
Part-No.	Part description	
182	Foot	
183	Support foot	
59-17	Shackle	
59-24	Rope	
595	Buffer	
885	Chain	
892	Foot plate	
901	Hexagon head bolt	
902	Stud	
914	Socket head cap screw	
920	Nut	
932	Circlip	

80-315, 100-240, 100-250, 100-315, 150-315





200-315/316, D 80-315, D 100-251, D 100-315, D 100-316 all available material versions





Electrical connection diagram

Motors: 5 2...23 2, 5 4...29 4, 4 6...12 6

Description - Thermal motor monitoring

The winding is protected by two independent temperature monitoring circuits:

- F4, F5 = 2 bimetallic switches in the motor winding, Identification tape 21, 22, max. operating voltage of switch: 250 V, max. current: 2 A.
- R1, R2, R3 = 3 PTC thermistors in the motor winding, Identification tape 10. 11, max. operating voltage on terminals, U max. = 30 V d.c. resistance between terminals 10 / 11, - at ambient temperature 100-750 Ω , - at shut down temperature > 4000 Ω .

It is necessary to use one of both circuits to protect the winding.

Using of bimetallic switches:

The conductors have to be directly connected to the control circuit of the motor contactor.

It must switch of the pump when the maximum winding temperature is reached and automatically on again after the motor have cooled down.

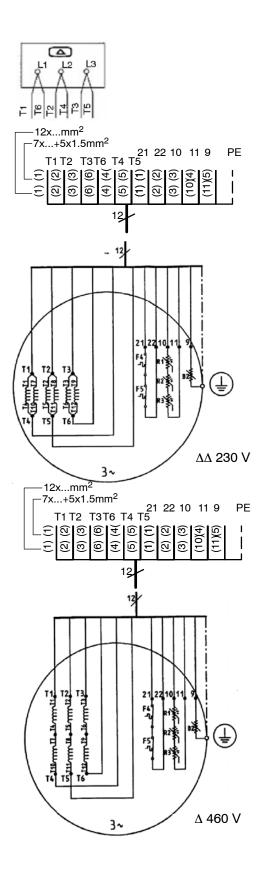
Optional use of thermistors (PTC):

A thermistor control unit with manual / auto reset may be installed in the control circuit of the motor.

It must switch off the pump when the maximum winding temperature is reached.

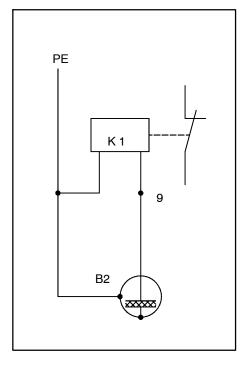
In this case no additional equipment is necessary.

Temperature monitoring protects the motor in the event of insufficient cooling. Safe and reliable operation and explosion protection can only be ensured if the temperature monitoring equipment is operational.





Function chart - Leakage detection



Leakage inside the motor

An electrode fitted inside the motor monitor the winding and connection space for leakage. It must be connected to an electrode relay. Tripping of the electrode relay must result in the pump being cut out. The electrode relay (K1) must meet the following requirements: Sensor circuit 10 to 30V~, tripping current 0.5 to 3 mA.

Check of the leakage sensor

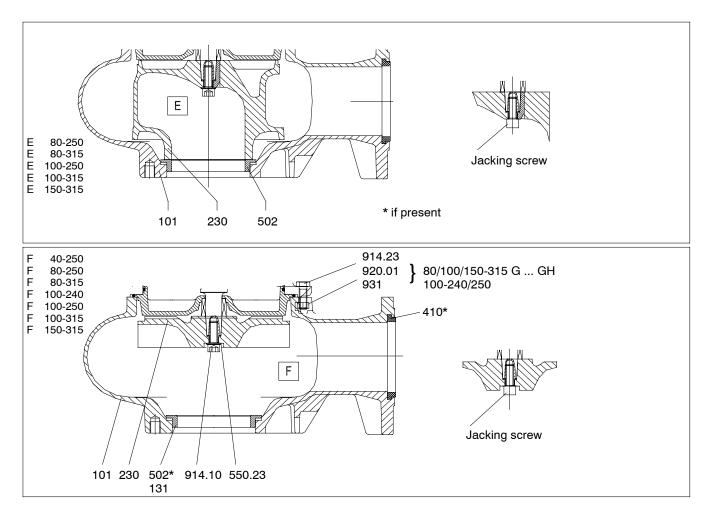
Measure the resistance between terminal 9 and the earth conductor (PE).

The resistance measured must be higher than 60 k Ω . Lower resistance values would suggest water ingress into the motor. In this case the motor must be opened and overhauled.

- B2 = Leakage sensor inside the motor Core identification: 9,
- K1 = Electrode relay.

Assembly instructions - Impeller dismantling / fitting with tapered connection

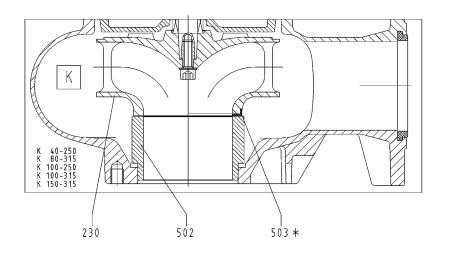
Size		Jacking screw	ldent-No.	
S,F,K	40-250			
F, E	80-250			
F	100-240	M16	11197135	
F,E,K	100-250			
F,E,K	80-315			
- ,_,	100-315			
F,E,K	150-315	M20	11 197 784	
K	200-280			
К	200-281			
D	100-251	Mic	01104 001	
D	150-251	M16	01104 091	
D	80-315			
D	100-315			
D	100-316	M20	01 115 547	
D	150-315			
D	200-315			

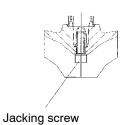




Assembly instructions - Impeller dismantling / fitting with tapered connection

40-250, 80-250, 100-240/250 150-251 80/100/150-251/150-315 200-315/316







Removing impellers with taper fit

The following sequence of operations must be observed whenremoving the impeller:

- 1. Remove impeller screw part # 914.10.
- Use pull-off screw to pull off impeller. (Tight taper fit-impeller may be firmly locked on shaft). Screw pulling-off screw either directly into the impeller part # 230 or into locking sleeve part # 531, see drawing details opposite and relevant sectional drawing.

Installation of S/F/E/K/D-Impeller (without locking sleeve)

- 1. Having installed the pump-side mechanical seal part # 433.02, push the impeller part # 230 (S/F/E/K-impeller) onto the shaft end.
- Apply Loctite
 to the thread of impeller screw part # 914.10. Observe Loctite handling instructions. Screw in impeller screw part #914.10 and tighten with a torque wrench.

	S/K/F	40-250	(M10)	12 lb / 50 Nm
	F/E	80-250	(M10)	12 lb / 50 Nm
	F	100-240	(M10)	12 lb / 50 Nm
	F/K/E	100-250	(M10)	12 lb / 50 Nm
	D	100-251	(M10)	12 lb / 50 Nm
	D	150-251	(M10)	12 lb / 50 Nm
	F/K/E/D	80-315	(M16)	34 lb / 150 Nm
	F/K/E/D	100-315	(M16)	34 lb / 150 Nm
	D	100-316	(M16)	34 lb / 150 Nm
	F/K/E/D	150-315	(M16)	34 lb / 150 Nm
	K/D	200-315/316	(M16)	34 lb / 150 Nm

3. Mount pump casing part # 101 with bolts part # 901.14, square nuts part # 920.01 with lockwasher part # 931 and O-rings part # 412.15.

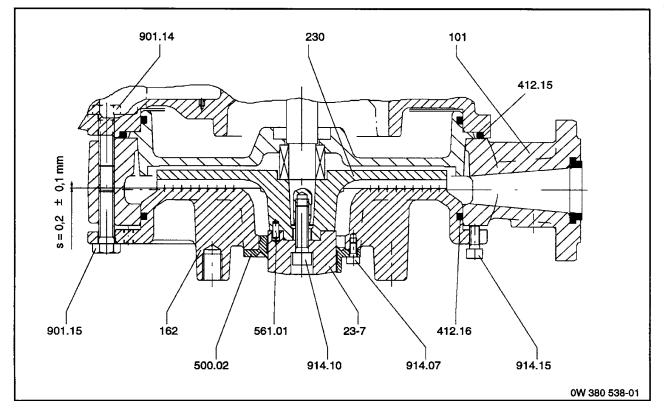
Use torque wrench to tighten hex. head bolts part # 901.14.

S/K/F	40-250	(M12)	15 lb / 65 Nm
F/E	80-250	(M12)	15 lb / 65 Nm
F	100-240	(M12)	15 lb / 65 Nm
F/K/E	100-250	(M12)	15 lb / 65 Nm
D	150-251	(M12)	15 lb / 65 Nm
F/K/E/D	80-315	(M16)	34 lb / 150 Nm
F/K/E/D	100-315	(M16)	34 lb / 150 Nm
D	100-316	(M16)	34 lb / 150 Nm
F/K/E/D	150-315	(M16)	34 lb / 150 Nm
K/D	200-315/316	(M16)	34 lb / 150 Nm

Adjustment of axial clearance

If an axial casing wear ring is fitted at the pump casing, the clearance between the casing and the impeller should be adjusted to 0.5 mm (K40-250: 0.2 mm) by tightening the bolts part # 901.14. For the KRT 200-315/316 (radial clearance) an adjustment is not necessary.

Assembly instruction - Cutter



Dismantling of the S-impeller (Amarex KRT S 40-250)

1. After fitting the pump-side mechanical seal part # 433.02, push impeller part # 230 onto the shaft, fit grooved pin part # 561.01 into the impeller.

The impeller body part # 23-7 is fitted onto the centering device. Then fit impeller screw part # 914.10 and tighten it by using a torque wrench.

Tightening torque: M 10; 50 Nm.

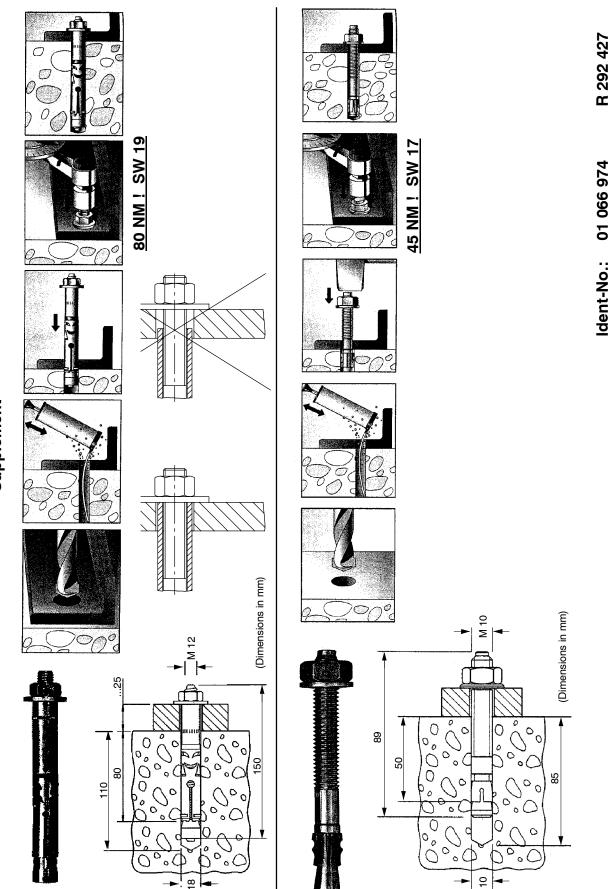
- Fit pump casing with joint O-ring part # 412.16 using hex. screws part # 901.14 and tighten it by a torque wrench. Tightening torque: M 12; 60 Nm.
- Insert joint O-ring part # 412.16 into suction cover part # 162 and mount ring part # 500.02 with cylindrical pin part # 914.07 in the suction cover. Insert suction cover into the pump casing until it borders on the impeller blades (cylindrical pin part # 914.15 must not protrude from the threads of the suction cover!) – but do not yet tighten!
- 4. Measure the distance between pump casing and suction cover and shift the suction cover with cylindrial pin part # 914.15 by S = 0.2 ± 0.1 mm vis-à-vis the pump casing. Tightening torque: M 12; 30 Nm.
- 5. Make sure that the impeller is running smoothly by turning itsbody (sliding between suction cover and impeller is not admissible).

Dismantling of the S-impeller (Amarex KRT S 40-250)

Dismantling takes place in reserve order. The impeller can be pulled off from the shaft by means of the same forcing screws used for the Amarex KRT K 40–250 (Attention: tight cone seat!)

Pay attention to assembly instruction "Impeller dismantling / assembly with tapered connection".





Supplement



... and should something have to be replaced,

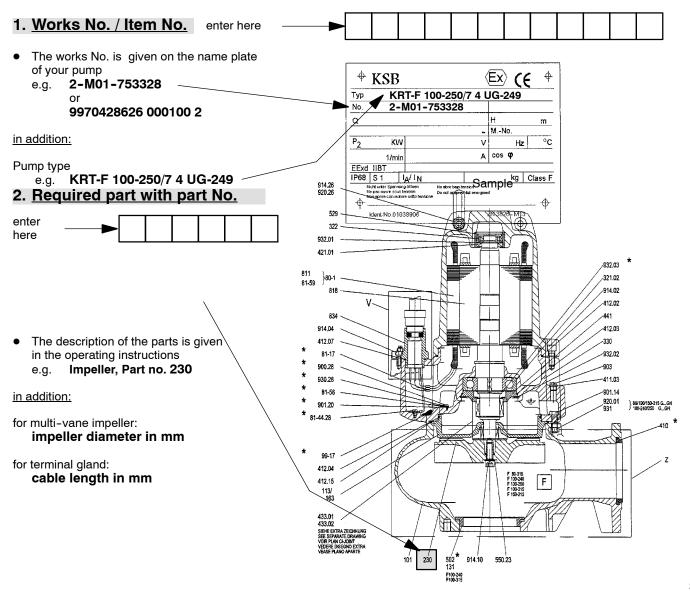
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